HighByte

DataOps: The Missing Link in Your Industrial Data Architecture

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Abstract

DataOps is a new category of software solutions that address the data architecture needs of industrial companies as they adopt Industry 4.0, Digital Transformation, and Smart Manufacturing. DataOps solutions perform data contextualization and standardization and provide secure data flow to the various consuming applications running at the Edge, in on-premises data centers, or in the Cloud. HighByte® has developed HighByte Intelligence Hub to address the DataOps needs of industrial environments where data must be aggregated from industrial automation and leveraged by business users throughout the company and its supply chain.

The Problem: Drowning in Unusable Data

Industry 4.0, Digital Transformation, and Smart Manufacturing are about leveraging disparate information to drive automated decisions from machinery to the Cloud and putting more information in the hands of business decision makers when and where they need it. This transformation is being accomplished through the adoption of multiple technologies including Cloud computing, IIoT platforms, advanced analytics, augmented and virtual visualization, mobile platforms, miniature and inexpensive sensors, and networking.

Unfortunately, as these solutions have been adopted and connected, data contextualization and accessibility have proven to be more time consuming, labor intensive, and lacking purpose-built solutions than expected.

Companies who were early in adopting Industry 4.0 technologies thought they could just "hook up" their industrial data to the analytics or visualization applications through APIs and rapidly make use of this data. They found the data was inconsistent across machinery, and data streams had no context to explain what the stream was, where it was from, what the expected tolerances were, or what the unit of measure was. The data was correlated to the controls equipment—not in the way business users think of the business. The volumes of data were immense, while most uses of the data did not require the resolution produced by the equipment.

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Today, data is needed near the machinery, in on-premises data centers, and in some cases, within Cloud-based systems. To solve these data architecture challenges and address the need for data contextualization and standardization, a new category of software solutions is emerging that may be the key to helping companies adopt Industry 4.0. This category is know as DataOps, or more specifically as Industrial DataOps when the solution has been purpose-built for industrial data.

Industry 4.0

The manufacturing industry is going through a dramatic significant that it is being referred to as the Fourth Industrial Revolution. The first industrial revolution spanned the 1700s and 1800s with the adoption of external power through windmills industrial revolution included the electrification of the factory and use of motors to drive machinery in the late 1800s and early 1900s, and the third industrial revolution was defined by the control automation for those motors, and continues through today. The fourth wave is the cyber-physical revolution offering real-time feedback between machinery business systems, and prescriptive analytical systems.

With each industrial revolution, there have been major shifts in the processes used, products created, and dominant industrial companies.

An Introduction to Industrial DataOps

Prior to Industry 4.0, industrial data architecture had evolved over many years into a layered approach defined in the Purdue Model or ISA-95. In this model, data flows from sensors to automation controllers to SCADA/HMI to MES and finally to ERP. The volumes of data dramatically reduce as they move up the stack. Data resolution is also reduced to the point that in many companies, ERP and even MES systems were updated manually and were not even connected to factory machinery. At the connection between each layer, a number of communication protocols for data were developed; however, most were proprietary allowing the company developing them to connect to their own hardware or software. These protocols were unique to connecting one layer to the next and were not reused at different layer boundaries. OPC is one of the industry-adopted open protocols that was developed to move information into the SCADA layer from the device layer. Between the machine controller and software layer, OPC servers were developed to translate between proprietary controller protocols and OPC.

Key Problems Solved by Industrial DataOps

- Data inconsistencies across machinery
- Lack of data contextualization and normalization
- Difficulty preparing data for business users, allowing Quality and Maintenance to work with data correlated to product or asset information
- Lack of accessibility from Operations to IT, from Edge to Cloud, and from the business to third parties
- Difficulty managing and securing data flows

Processing data through layers of systems worked for many years primarily because the amount of data being moved up the stack was limited, and much of the data used by the next-level system was generated in the previous system. However, with the advent of Industry 4.0, Digital Transformation, and Smart Manufacturing, this is not the case. For example, sensor data at level 0 is not needed for process control, so it is not available in the PLC (level 1) or the SCADA system (level 2)—but, the level-0 sensor data may be needed by a level 3 maintenance system. Pushing excess unused data through systems (in this example, level 1 and level 2) that do not require that information can slow down, complicate, reduce security, and increase data vulnerability.

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Digital Transformation is about leveraging data to drive the business. In a manufacturing company, this means extending factory floor operations data outside of the traditional operations environments to business users throughout the company who do not have the same understanding of the manufacturing controls system but require rich data to do their job—and do it better. Receiving a data point feed with the name F8:4 and a value of 52.2 does not tell a maintenance engineer that this is a temperature value, that it is sensing the temperature of hydraulic oil on a stamping machine, that the unit of measure is Celsius, and that if the temperature goes over 180 degrees, it will cause premature failure of machine components.

The challenges of optimizing and controlling data flows coupled with the need to contextualize and standardize industrial data have led to the development of a new DataOps organizational function and category of software solutions to support this function. DataOps for industrial environments is different than DataOps for business transaction systems. Why? Because data in industrial environments is very inconsistent across machinery, lacks context, and is correlated to the controls equipment—not assets, processes, and products. It is used from the Edge to the Cloud—with data security critical at every exchange.

Required Components of an Industrial DataOps Solution

Based on my time speaking with manufacturers and analyzing available solutions on the market, there are five essential tasks of an Industrial DataOps solution that are required to achieve value.

Standardize, normalize, and contextualize data.

Industrial data was created to control motors, valves, conveyors, machinery, and other such equipment. This data typically comes from PLCs, machine controllers, Remote Terminal Units (RTUs), or smart sensors. It is not uncommon for a factory to have hundreds of PLCs and machine controllers. The machinery and controllers were often purchased at different times and from different vendors. As the factory grew, the needs changed, and the products evolved. The data points available on the controllers vary from one controller to the next with very few companies able to enforce any consistency. The data points on controllers were designed for efficiency of communications and use by industrial software solutions. They generally do not include any contextualization, standardization, or documentation of the data packets. To get the full value from analytics, data needs to be analyzed across machinery, processes, and products. To handle the scale of hundreds of machines and controllers—and tens of thousands of data points—a set of standard models must be established within the DataOps solution. The models correlate the data by machinery, process, and products and present it to the consuming applications.

Connect to industrial and IT systems.

Industrial devices and systems and IT systems natively communicate in different ways. Industrial devices and systems use many proprietary protocols, though support for OPC UA and other open protocols are trending upward. IT systems use their own protocols to communicate with extensive usage of APIs and bespoke integrations. IT systems communicating with Edge devices have begun to leverage MQTT. MQTT provides a highly flexible, with little overhead, pub/sub methodology to minimize the cybersecurity exposure and secure encrypted communications. A DataOps solution must be able to integrate seamlessly with devices and data sources at the operations layer by leveraging industry standards, while providing value to business applications that conform to today's IT best practices.

Manage the flow of information.

It is critical that information flows are in a managed system where they can be identified, enabled, disabled, and modified. Identifying the impact of machinery changes is critical to make sure good data is being stored and connections are established when change happens. From a security perspective, it is critical to know what data is moving from system to system and be able to turn it off. Many outside vendors now desire machine data to provide enhanced service. The operations team, who is operating the machine, will want to be able to control what data is flowing and at what frequency or set of conditions it is moving. They will also want to be able to disable the data flow if the vendor no longer needs it. Therefore, managing the flow of information is an essential component of an Industrial DataOps solution.

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Provide the scale and security features required for industrial use.

Industrial data is different than typical transaction data stored in most IT systems. Industrial data comes from hundreds or thousands of different devices. This data must be captured, contextualized, and delivered at a resolution that is unique for each use case to satisfy the analytics or visualization needs. Industrial data is typically used milliseconds to seconds after it is created. As such, batch processing ETL (Extract, Transform, and Load) solutions built for transactional data do not work well for industrial data. Industrial data must be curated or contextualized close to the machinery and prior to being stored. Industrial data often holds the intellectual knowledge of a manufacturing plant. This data must be secured and discretely delivered to the applications that need it from the DataOps solution.

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Live at the Edge.

Machinery comes in many shapes and sizes and runs in many different environments. Depending on the analytic or visualization application, the data may be processed close to the machinery, in an on-premises data center or in the Cloud. The Industrial DataOps solution must run close to the device and feed the applications the required data at the frequency or condition specified. However, the DataOps solution must also be able to share models across the factory and company, allowing for data standardization and normalization.



HighByte Intelligence Hub

HighByte Intelligence Hub is an example of a DataOps solution for industrial companies. It is the only solution on the market that combines contextualized and standardized data models with connections to industrial and IT systems, manages the flow of information, is scalable and secure, and has been developed with an Edge-native approach. HighByte Intelligence Hub provides the following capabilities:

- Data modeling. Represent machines, products, processes, and systems with key intelligence information suited to your needs. Contextualize process data by documenting with metadata, standardizing data attributes, and normalizing units of measure. Models are easily reused within a single hub and can be easily shared across hubs.
- Data transformations. The hub includes a transformation engine based on JavaScript notation that allows data to be standardized and normalized for comparison and application mismatches. The transformation engine enables users to perform calculations at the Edge to improve its usability and reduce the volume of data transmissions.
- **Connection flows.** Create data flows for raw data or modeled information between connections at any frequency or condition. Manage data flows within the hub to identify, enable, or disable the flow of information to applications.
- Integration. The hub supports collection and delivery of data over OPC UA and MQTT. The hub provides for the configuration and management of connections and their respective inputs and outputs.
- Security. The hub exchanges data using the built-in security of OPC UA and MQTT. By identifying outputs by connection, administrators can implement higher-level management and security than typical pub/sub broker architectures and open, unmanaged API access.
- **Edge native.** HighByte Intelligence Hub can run on light-weight hardware platforms including Raspberry PI and other single board computers, industrial switches, and other Linux, Windows 10, and Windows Server platforms.

Conclusion

By leveraging an Industrial DataOps solution to define standard models and establish and manage integrations, the operations team can provide data to the systems and business users who are requesting it in an efficient and managed way. This application abstraction approach allows the operations team to effectively substitute changes in the factory, add new applications, and react to changes in business relationships with outside vendors.

By moving data contextualization and access within an industrial DataOps solution, the operations team can own and manage data access, accelerate analytics and visualization projects, and maintain factory flexibility to change or add new machinery over time.

Key Takeaways

- Industrial DataOps is an essential component for success with Industry 4.0, Digital Transformation, and Smart Manufacturing.
- Contextualization and standardization of data is required to efficiently leveraging industrial data at scale.
- Industrial data security is critical and the ability to leverage secure protocols, separate the data by consumer, and control the delivery or flow of data all contribute to securing the systems, network, and factory floor equipment.

About John Harrington

John Harrington is the Co-Founder and Chief Business Officer of HighByte, focused on defining the company's business and product strategy. His areas of responsibility include market research, customer use cases, product priorities, go-to-market, financial planning, and sales.

John is passionate about delivering technology that improves productivity and safety in manufacturing and industrial environments. He has spent his 25-year career both delivering software to manufacturers and working for manufacturers in operations roles. This experience has given him a unique perspective on how suppliers and end users each play an integral role in implementing new technology solutions.

John has a Master in Business Administration from Babson College and a Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering from Worcester Polytechnic Institute.

About HighByte

HighByte is an industrial software development company in Portland, Maine building solutions that address the data architecture and security challenges created by Industry 4.0. We believe contextualized and standardized data is essential for Industry 4.0 to reach broad adoption. That's why we've launched HighByte Intelligence Hub—enabling manufacturers to securely connect, model, and flow valuable industrial data throughout their extended enterprise without writing or maintaining code. HighByte Intelligence Hub is the first DataOps solution purpose-built to meet the unique requirements of industrial assets, products, processes, and systems at the Edge. Learn more and request a free trial at https://highbyte.com.

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